# Child Rights Impact Assessment in Ireland

# Past Considerations, Current Practice

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### **Past Considerations**

- Does ex-ante impact assessment work?
- What should it involve? Common features: screening, scoping, core questions, appraisal or implementation, identification of alternatives, consultation with stakeholders, reporting, monitoring and evaluation, external support, early intervention
- The need for resources
- Who should do it and when?

#### The Ombudsman for Children's Office

- Established in 2002 under the Ombudsman for Children Act; first Ombudsman appointed in 2004.
- Section 7: to advise the Government on any matter including 'the probable effect on children of the implementation of any proposals for legislation'.
- Section 13: occasional submissions and advice.
- Sections 8 16: complaint and investigation functions – adverse affect on the child and maladministration.

### Examples under Sections 7 & 13

- Constitutional Amendment on Children's Rights
- Advice on the Proposed Referendum on Children's Rights, 2006.
- Report to the Oireachtas on the Twenty-Eighth Amendment of the Constitution Bill 2007
- Report to the Oireachtas on the Thirty-First Amendment of the Constitution (Children) Bill 2012.

## Examples under Sections 8-16: Complaint Handling and Investigations

- Investigations: many of the components of CRIA: screening, scoping, core questions, consultation, appraisal/analysis, recommendations (alternatives), reporting and monitoring/review.
- Examples of systemic change: Children First; Special Care Admissions Criteria; Applications for Assistive Technology.

An Example from the NGOS: The Children's Rights Alliance

- All Our Children: Child Impact Assessment for Irish Children of Migrant Parents, 2006
- A suite of methods and approaches addressing a number of levels
- Post-Budget Analysis
- Annual Score Card

## Questions

- What are participants' understandings of 'child rights impact assessment'?
- Is CRIA the most effective means of influencing policy, legislation and administrative decisions?
- Do forms of CRIA already exist in Canada?
- Is the development of a template, toolkit, etc. necessary if CRIA is to become widespread?
- Who should be responsible for undertaking CRIA and in what form?
- What resources are required to support the practical and effective introduction of CRIA in Canada?