















30

















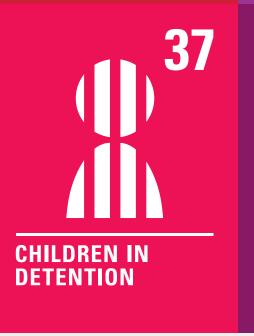












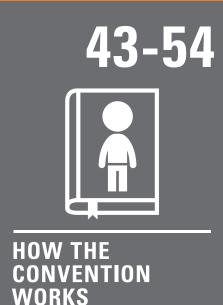












## **CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF THE CHILD**

In child-friendly language



You have the right to You have the right to a name which is be alive. Governments officially recognized by must do everything the government. You they can so that every child has the chance to grow have the right to a nationality (to belong to a country). up in the best possible way. Governments must ensure these to help you stay with your family and have the rights of citizenship in your country.

Governments should let families and communities guide and support you to learn how to use your rights as you grow up. The older you get, the less guidance you will need.

Governments must do all they can to make sure that you can enjoy all the rights in this Convention. This includes making laws to protect your rights and making sure decision-makers and young people know these rights.

When adults make decisions, they should think about how their decisions will affect you. All adults should do what is best for children. Governments should help the people and places responsible for looking after children.

All children have all these rights, no matter who they are, where they live, what language they speak, what their religion is, what they think, what they look like, what their gender is, if they have a disability, if they are rich or poor, and no matter who their parents or families are or what their parents or families believe or do. No child should be treated unfairly for any reason.

If you are under age 18, you have these rights.

You have the right to choose your own thoughts, opinions and religion, but this should not stop other people from enjoying their rights. Parents can guide children so that as they grow up, they learn to use this right in positive ways.

You have the right to share freely with others what you learn, think and feel, by talking, drawing, writing or in any other way unless it harms other people.

6

You have the right to give your opinions freely on issues that affect you. Adults should listen and take your views seriously.

Governments must stop children being taken out of the country when this is against the law - for example, being kidnapped by someone or held abroad by a parent when the other parent does not agree.

If you live in a different country than your parents, governments must let you stay in contact and be together.

You have the right to be cared for by your parents unless they cannot take care of you. If your parents don't live together you have the right to stay in contact with both unless it isn't best for you.

official record of who you are. This includes your name, nationality and family relations. No one should take this away from you, but if this happens, governments must help to quickly get your identity back.

You have the right to

your own identity - an

When children might be adopted, the most important thing is to do what is best for them. If a child cannot be looked after in their own country – for example by living with another family then they might be adopted in another country.

looked after by people who respect your religion, culture, language and other aspects of your life.

If you cannot be

looked after by

your own family, you

have the right to be

You have the right to

food, clothing, a safe

do what others can. The

government should help

families and children who

place to live, and opportunities to

cannot afford this.

You have the right to protection from being hurt or mistreated, in body or mind.

Governments

should provide

money or other

support to help

children and their families

meet their needs and

participate in society.

You have the right 18 to be raised by your parent(s) or a guardian. All your parents or guardians should always consider what is best for you. Governments should help them when needed.

You have the right to get information from the Internet, radio, television, newspapers, books and other sources. Adults should make sure the information is not harmful. Governments should make sure you can get information from lots of different sources, in a language that you understand.

You have the right to

the best health care

You have the right to privacy. The law must protect your identity, information about you, your communications and your reputation from any attack or misuse.

meet with others and join or set up groups, as long as it isn't harmful to you or others.

You have the right to

choose your friends,

You have the right to a good quality education. Primary education should be free. Secondary and higher education should be available to every child. You should be encouraged to go to school to the highest level possible. Discipline in schools should respect your rights and never use violence.

You have the right to be protected from sexual exploitation (being taken advantage of) and

sexual abuse.

You have the right to protection from taking, making, carrying or selling harmful drugs.

is going well and if this is the best place for you to be. You have the right

to be protected

from doing work

that is dangerous or

unhealthy, or gets in the way of

your education, rest and time

have the right to be paid fairly.

for leisure. If you work, you

If you live in a place

where you are being

cared for away from possible, clean water to drink, healthy your home, you have the right to have these food and a healthy and safe arrangements checked environment to live in. All adults and children should regularly to see if everything have information about how to stay safe and healthy.

If you have a disability you have all the rights in this Convention as well as special care and education so that you can live a full life.

If you move from your home country to another country as a refugee (because it was not safe to stay there) you have the right to help and protection and have the same rights as children born in that country.

must make sure that children are not kidnapped or sold, or taken to other countries or places to be exploited (taken advantage of).

Governments

You have the right

to know your rights.

Adults should know

these rights and help

you to learn about them.

If the laws of your country protect your rights better than this Convention, then those laws should

If you are accused of a crime, you have the right to know and understand what you are accused of. You have the right to legal help, to protection of privacy and to be treated fairly by the justice system based on your age. The aim should be to help you find a positive way to continue your life, with prison only a last choice.

You have the right

to rest, relax, play

cultural and creative

and take part in

activities.

to your language, culture and religion. Indigenous and minority groups are entitled to special protections to enjoy these rights.

You have the right

You have the right to education that helps you fully develop your talents and abilities. It should help you learn about your rights and how to respect other people's rights, cultures and differences. It should help you learn how to live peacefully and protect the environment.

be used.

You have the right to get help if you have been hurt, neglected, treated badly or affected by war.

You have the right to be protected during war. No child under age 15 can join the army or take part in war.

No one is allowed to punish you in a cruel or harmful way. For young people charged with a crime, prison should always be the last choice and only for the shortest possible time. Young people in prison should never be placed with adults. They should have legal help and be able to stay in contact with their family.

You have the right to protection from any kind of exploitation (being taken advantage of), even if these are not specifically mentioned in this Convention.



## The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child in Child-Friendly Language

The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child is an important agreement by countries including Canada who have promised to ensure children's human rights. These rights are what you should have or be able to do to grow up, with the best your country has to offer. All of these rights are connected and equally important. You are born with these rights and they cannot be taken away.

This text is not an official version of the Convention on the Rights of the Child. It was developed with young people in Canada to help others know these rights. Access the official, legal text at unicef-irg/crc. UNICEF Canada provides permission to copy this document for non-commercial, informational and educational purposes without modification. UNICEF does not endorse or assume any responsibility or liability with respect to the use by any entity of this material.

This version is designed so that each article of the Convention can be cut into cards. A version with the articles in numerical order is also available. Designs © UNICEF, 2019.





explain how governments should make sure all children enjoy all their rights. The United Nations - including the Committee on the Rights of Child and UNICEF – and other organizations should help governments and others fulfil their responsibilities for children's rights.

articles